

a sharp complaint to Count Lamorff, Minister of Foreign Affairs, against the publication of the statement in the official newspaper.

The newspapers have been forbidden to publish any news of or comments upon the strikes.

STRIKERS RETURNING TO WORK.
The *Official Messenger* to-day says that many strikers returned to work yesterday. The performances in the theatres, it says, were conducted last night as usual. There were no disturbances in the city yesterday.

The Council of the Institute of Mines of the University of St. Petersburg adopted a resolution to-day expressing deep regret at the recent terrible events, and declaring that it regarded a continuation of the course of study impossible. It tenders the sympathy of the council to the relatives of those who were killed, and promises to have prayers said for the dead and to lay wreaths upon the tomb of the two students of the institute who were killed on Sunday. The Institute voted to acquaint the Minister of Agriculture with the passage of the resolution.

The Council of the Institute of Civil Engineers adopted similar declarations. Registration at the university for the next term has been postponed till Feb. 28. All the druggists' assistants in St. Petersburg struck work to-day.

Nearly all the composers resumed work to-day. The *Imperial Messenger*, the *Journal of Trade and Industry*, the *Russky Invalid*, and the *Journal of St. Petersburg* were published this morning. Their offices were guarded by the police during the night. No troops were to be seen upon the streets to-day.

LIBERAL MEASURES AGREED ON.
The Czar gave a luncheon to-day at Tsarskoe-Selo in honor of the birthday of Emperor William. The guests included the German Ambassador, the Czarina, the Dowager Empress, M. de Witte, President of the Council, and Count Lamorff, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Czar proposed the only toast, one to the health of the Kaiser. Later a special council was held at Tsarskoe-Selo. It is reported this evening that liberal views prevailed over the arguments of the reactionaries of the council, and that several conciliatory measures were agreed upon or later.

The zemstvo of Nijni Novgorod adopted a resolution yesterday protesting against the slaughter in St. Petersburg. As soon as the adoption of the resolution became known here an order was telegraphed to the Governor to arrest every member of the zemstvo, which was done last night, the victims being taken from their beds and taken to the fortress.

INCENDIARISM FEARED.

It is feared that incendiaryism, which has become a feature of the strike situation, will be continued in which case a resumption of work will be prevented.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The *St. Petersburg* correspondent of the *Echo de Paris* says that notwithstanding the apparent quiet and resumption of business there are signs of renewed activity of a serious character on the part of the strikers. First, evidently of an incendiary order, have occurred in several workshops and mills.

THE DEAD AT RIGA.

RIGA, Russia, Jan. 27.—It has been ascertained at the hospitals that two women and twenty-nine men were killed and thirty-seven civilians and eight soldiers wounded in yesterday's encounter between the demonstrators and the troops. The soldiers' wounds were caused by revolver shots.

Labor agents from Riga have organized a strike at Moscow, the capital of Russia. Troops have been summoned to the spot. There has been no encounter thus far. The men are parading through the town and distributing proclamations.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The *St. Petersburg* correspondent of the *Telegraph* says he has seen a man from Riga who told him that a number of workmen entered the city from two sides Thursday armed with rifles. The troops fired on the workmen, who defended themselves with considerable success. The fighting continued until night and was going on when the witness left. He declared there had been great slaughter. There was terrible confusion in the city.

HUNDREDS KILLED IN POLAND.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—A newspaper here says that fighting was renewed at Radom, Russian Poland, yesterday. In one conflict six officers, thirty-eight soldiers and more than a hundred workmen were killed and hundreds were wounded.

In another fight fifty of the rioters were killed, and many on both sides were wounded. The Cossacks shot at sight anybody found on the streets at night.

The *Vossische Zeitung* says the police raided a socialistic meeting at Lodz, Russian Poland, to-day. A fight resulted and many persons were killed and wounded.

MOTEMENT SPREADS AT MOSCOW.

MOSCOW, Jan. 27.—Notwithstanding the reassuring official reports that are issued the situation here does not improve. The men in numbers more factories struck work yesterday. Last night passed quietly. The City Prefect has issued a proclamation stating that the demands of the strikers will be investigated, so that the authorities may be satisfied that they are within the legal limits, but the condition is made that the men shall first resume work.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the *Paris Journal* says that 12,000 workmen and 10,000 soldiers were reported to be marching upon Moscow. It appears that there are not enough troops in the Moscow district to repress serious disturbances.

WARSAW, Jan. 27.—A strike was begun to-day in Volsk, a suburb of the city, in which there are many factories. The workmen have made no disturbance. There were two fights between strikers and soldiers here to-day. There was some firing, but the casualties are unknown.

TROUBLE ENDED, SAYS TREPPOV.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—M. Lopoukhin, director of the St. Petersburg police, has telegraphed to the *Express* the text of Gen. Treppev's order, which has been already cabled. He reiterated that the trouble in St. Petersburg is ended. He adds that affairs at Moscow are not at all threatening. There are 17,000 strikers there, but there have been no serious disturbances. Only once were the Cossacks obliged to use force in dispersing a crowd. Nobody was killed or wounded. The strikes at Kieff, Vilna, Kyevno, Riga, Vilna, Liebau and Saratov are only partial. M. Lopoukhin concludes by stating that the principal ring-leaders of the disturbances are now under arrest.

WAGONLOADS OF DEAD.

A despatch to the *Daily Mail* from St. Petersburg says that sixteen wagonloads of dead from the hospitals were sent from the Nikolaevsk station Friday to a cemetery outside the city.

A high official of the Ministry of the Interior told the correspondent that in view of the fact that the rising is now suppressed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Balm Quinine Tablets. All drug stores sell them. It cures colds, cures, L. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c a box.

pressed, the Government did not wish to enforce severe measures, but a large number of well known persons had been seriously compromised, and they must be imprisoned for life or deported. He added that the Government recognized that a constitution could not be long withheld. Participation of the people in the affairs of the country would have to be permitted before very long.

CZAR GAVE WAY TO DESPAIR.

Greatly Upset by the Battery Episode—Later Events Kept From Him.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The *St. Petersburg* correspondent of the *Petit Parisien* says that, although the Czar publicly displayed complete sang froid when a loaded cannon was fired at the Winter Palace last week Thursday, he was in reality greatly upset. It was the first time the Emperor had doubted the loyalty of his officers and soldiers. On returning to his private apartments he is said to have given way to despair. In the midst of the assembled Imperial family he made several of the Grand Dukes swear upon oaths to tell him the truth.

As the result of his inquiry into the incident, two officers of the battery were arrested. Then it was decided that the Czar should go to Tsarskoe-Selo to recover from the shock. There, on account of his condition, it was thought desirable that his Majesty should be spared the knowledge of the agitation that preceded the events of Sunday. Who it was in his place that took the decisions which were acted upon in dealing with the emergency is doubtful, and nothing positive can be affirmed on this point.

REFUGE FOR CZARINA.

Imperial Villa at Livadia Being Prepared for Her and the Children.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A despatch to the *Standard* from Odessa says that the Imperial villa at Livadia is being prepared for the Czarina and her children. The danger of trouble in Odessa is apparently passed for the present. The Governor personally visited all the mills and workshops and obtained the men's promise to remain quiet. Nevertheless, he was everywhere assumed that the St. Petersburg butcheries would be avenged sooner or later.

FRANCE FAITHFUL TO RUSSIA.

Says the Premier, While Extremists Denounce Czar as Assassin.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Premier Rouvier announced that France would remain faithful to her alliance with Russia.

The Prime Minister's statement was immediately greeted with angry shouts from the extreme left of "Down with the Czar!" "Death to the assassin!" M. Doumer, President of the Chamber, intervened and temporarily calmed the Chamber, but when M. Rouvier had finished the subject was raised again, whereupon the Socialists and Radicals again shouted:

"Down with the Czar, the assassin and bandit!"

M. Cassas, Minister of Foreign Affairs, thereupon ascended the tribune and began earnestly to protest for the good relations of France. He got no further. The Socialists rose, howling "Murderer!" and other opprobrious terms for seven minutes. When there was a lull M. Delcassé gravely protested. M. Jules Contant, a Socialist, shouted:

"The Czar is an assassin!"

M. Delcassé again protested against the use of such language. M. Rouvier cried:

"It is the language of humanity."

M. Delcassé retorted: "It is language which will weigh heavily upon those who have used it, who will thereby cause grief to France's friends abroad."

Amid frequent interruptions, M. Delcassé, while deploring the events and pitying the victims, challenged the objectors on the ground that they did not base the facts on which to base an impartial judgment, implying that the stories of the massacre were exaggerated. He concluded:

"You cannot forget that the country in question is our ally and that the alliance has given France security, enabling her to undertake, pursue and realize international actions which you cannot refuse to approve."

This declaration called forth hearty applause from all the members but the extremists.

HONOR PLOTTERS AGAINST CZAR.

Mass Meeting in Memory of Poles Slain by Recent Outbreak.

A big mass meeting and concert in memory of four Poles who were hanged in Poland in 1886 was held last night at 9 Second avenue. The hall was packed to overflowing by men and women, who cheered wildly every time the strife in St. Petersburg was mentioned. Speeches were made in Polish, Russian, Yiddish and English.

The four men, designated at the meeting as martyrs, were Kunick, Baidowski, Pietushevski and Osowsky. Pictures of Kunick and Baidowski, draped in black, were on the stage last night. The men were hanged for taking part in a plot against the Czar.

Demboski, Dr. Getzowski, Alexander Yonin and Lawyer Stolkow were the speakers. They denounced the Czar's Government and appealed for funds to help carry on the revolt and to release prisoners in Siberia.

Another meeting was held at 208 East Broadway, where the offices of the Liberal Arts Society, followed by the regular weekly meeting. Speeches were made in Yiddish and English. There was a big crowd.

The speakers were Prof. Robert E. Ely and Dr. Robinsky, who talked about the revolutionary movement in Russia. At the close of the meeting the audience sang the Russian Marseillaise composed by P. M. Broumoff, the founder of the society.

Representatives of the New York Society of Friends of Russia, Freedom and of the United Russian Revolutionary Conference will hold their mass meeting to invoke aid for the victims of the St. Petersburg outbreak on Sunday night at the Academy of Music, Fourteenth street and Irving place.

The Rev. Minot J. Savage, who is president of the New York Society of Friends of Russia, said that he had received from those who have accepted invitations to attend the meeting the Rev. Percy Grant, Ernest H. Crosby, John Martin, Robert Erskine Ely and H. Montague Donner, a native of Finland.

RUSSIAN CALL FOR HELP.

Jewish Newspaper Receives Appeal and News From St. Petersburg.

The *Jewish Daily Forward* received three cable despatches from St. Petersburg yesterday. The foreign committee of the Social Democratic party in St. Petersburg and other Russian cities sent this:

"Our party led the revolutionary movement entirely in the district of Piborg; old St. Petersburg, and the Vassili Island. Further north the revolution was strongly influenced by our organization in the Narva (St. Petersburg) district."

On Sunday night a committee of a regiment led to shoot at the Social Democrats. Our party took possession of a printing office and opened a printed revolutionary proclamation.

A despatch from the Bund, the Jewish division of the Social Democrats, read: "Pursuing working in western districts. Another committee sent this: Open an emergency fund. Fight is blazing."

BIG BATTLE STILL RAGING.

PANIC ON A FERRYBOAT.

Woman Who Had Been in a Snailshell Hospital Died on Her Way Home.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—Passengers on a ferryboat today from Camden were panicstricken to-day when Mary Spencer, an negro, who had been in the Camden Municipal Hospital for four weeks, suffering from smallpox, died on the way to the city. The woman had been discharged from the institution and was being brought to this city by her brother-in-law, James Cassidy. She was wheeled to the ferryboat in a rolling chair.

Shortly after the boat left the Camden side of the Delaware the woman's head dropped forward. A minute later Cassidy noticed that she was dead. When the passengers discovered that the woman had been suffering from smallpox they shrank away. When the boat touched the dock they sprang ashore and hurried to the nearest hospital.

The Philadelphia health bureau. A corps of physicians were sent to the ferryhouse, and about sixty persons who had boarded the boat for the return trip were compelled to submit to vaccination. The crew was also vaccinated.

The ferryhouse and the ferryboat were placed under quarantine and traffic was not resumed until midnight, after both the boat and the ferryhouse were thoroughly fumigated. The body of the dead woman was sent to the municipal hospital mortuary, and Cassidy will be detained for several days at the institution.

BETHLEHEM STEEL'S FUTURE.

Directors Vote to Spend About \$5,000,000 in Improving the Plant.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The sum of \$5,000,000 is to be expended by the Bethlehem Steel Company in improving and enlarging the plant at Bethlehem this year. This fact was admitted to-day by Edwin M. McIlwain, president of the company, after a meeting of the board of directors held here to-day.

From what can be learned the idea of enlarging the plant is Charles M. Schwab's and its details were worked out under his supervision. The plan is to increase the plant's capacity for making guns and gun carriages and it is also said that the company will enter on the manufacture of crucible steel, high grade castings and steel springs.

At the close of the stockholders' meeting the following directors were chosen: Edward M. McIlwain, Archibald Johnston, A. E. Borie, Henry S. Snyder, all of Bethlehem; Joseph E. Schwab, Max Pam and Charles M. Schwab of New York.

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LOVES OTHER WOMAN'S BABY.

Board Unpaid, Too—Mother Consents to Let Her Baby Go—Court Intervenes.

Mrs. Christina Graeber, who lives at 435 East Fifteenth street, went to the Yorkville police court yesterday in response to a summons obtained by Mrs. Nellie McFadden of 622 East Twelfth street. Mrs. McFadden complained that Mrs. Graeber had possession of her baby, Walter, and refused to surrender him. Mrs. Graeber carried the baby in her arms and sat near the mother while waiting for the case to be heard.

According to the declarations of the women to Magistrate Whitman, the baby in question is 18 months old. The complainant's husband, Bernard McFadden, is a driver, who became ill six months ago and lost his job. His wife's health was also poor, and the baby was given to Mrs. Graeber, whose husband, Otto, is a saloonkeeper, to board at the rate of \$2 a week. The mother is unable to pay the bill, and at the end of a month took the baby back home.

In a short time she again left the child with Mrs. Graeber. Mrs. Graeber became attached to it and did not press for the payment of its board. A week ago the mother wanted her baby back. Mrs. Graeber refused to keep it, and kept the little boy, saying that he was better off with her.

Tears filled her eyes as she told the Magistrate of her strong affection for the other woman's child. Mrs. McFadden also went as she told of the longing to have her baby.

"If you insist upon it I must order the baby returned to her," said the Magistrate to the mother. "The baby seems to be well taken care of, and I would suggest that you leave it with its present guardian until I can make an investigation."

The mother consented, and the Magistrate instructed Agent O'Connor of the Children's society to look into the matter.

THAWED GAS METER TOO MUCH.

Burchell Nearly Lost His Life—Rescuer and 2 Women in Bad Way, Too.

A gas meter in the basement of a tenement at 210 Eighth avenue would not work last night, because it had frozen. The tenants wanted light, and John Burchell, one of them, volunteered to thaw out the meter. With a supply of hot water and man rags he descended into the basement and began operations. He succeeded, but in doing so opened up a leak in the supply pipe. Gas escaped all over the place, and before Burchell realized what had happened he fell unconscious.

The fumes spread up the stairs, filling the rooms on the second and third floors. Several men made their way into the basement and dragged Burchell out to the sidewalk. The gas company's men were on the upper floor, and three persons were overcome. A policeman who heard of the trouble summoned an ambulance from the New York Hospital, and Dr. Burchell, who responded, attended to all hands.

Mary Connors, living on the second floor, was in such bad shape that it was necessary to remove her to the hospital. Mercedes Devine, a nineteen-year-old Danish girl, and Burchell were revived on the sidewalk. William Diehl, who went to the assistance of the latter, did not wait for the ambulance, but made for the West Twentieth street police station, two blocks away. He got as far as the steps and collapsed. Another ambulance surgeon succeeded in bringing him around.

The leak was finally plugged up by an employee of the gas company, and the tenants were able to return to their rooms. A rumor that the meter had blown up and that many had been killed caused an enormous crowd to collect.

COLONIAL DINING TABLE.

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